Toshiba Bi-CD Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TB6617FNG

H-Bridge driver IC

TB6617FNG is a H-bridge driver IC with output transistor in LDMOS structure with low ON-resister.

TB6617FNG includes selectable 4 modes, CW, CCW, short brake, and stop mode

Features

- Supply Voltage; VM = 50 V (Max.)
- Output Current; Iout = 1.2 A (avg)/2 A (peak)
- Output Low-On Resistor; 1.4Ω

(Upper + Lower Typ. @Vcc = VM = 5 V)

- Available for fpwm ≤ 350 kHz
- Stand-by (Power save) function
- CW/CCW/Short Brake/Stop Function modes
- Built-in thermal shut down (TSD) circuit,
 over current detection (ISD) circuit, Vcc low voltage detection circuit (UVD)
- Small surface mounting package SSOP16(0.65 mm pitch)

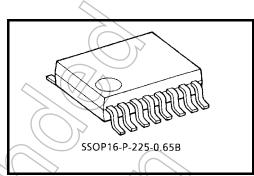
This product contains week pins for ESD so pay attention for treating it.

Week pins; 8pin and 9pin

The following conditions apply to solderability:

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- (1)Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath
- ·solder bath temperature: 230°C
- ·dipping time: 5 seconds
- ·the number of times: once
- ·use of R-type flux
- (2)Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath
- ·solder bath temperature: 245°C
- dipping time: 5 seconds
- ·the number of times: once
- use of R-type flux

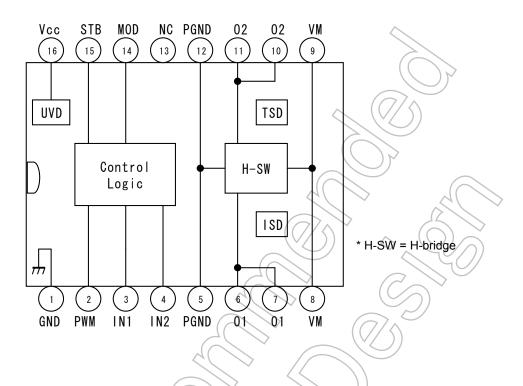


Weight: 0.07 g (typ.)

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Block Diagram

Block or circuit in the diagram is just for explanation the function, so could be simplified in some case. Also the diagram does not mean the agreement for the license of industry ownership right



Pin Functions

No.	Name	I/O	Function	Remarks			
1	GND	_	Ground	2)			
2	PWM		PWM signal input	\			
3	IN1		IN1 signal input	200 kΩ pull-down R included			
4	IN2	//) L	IN2 signal input				
5	PGND	$\nearrow \nearrow$	Power ground	Motor supply voltage system ground			
6	01	0	Output 1				
7	01	0	Gutput 1				
8	VM√>	_	Motor supply voltage	VM = 4.5 V to 45 V			
9	VM		Wotor suppry voitage	VIVI - 7.5 V 10 75 V			
10	02	0	Output 2				
11	(O2	0	Output2				
12	PGND		Power ground	Motor supply voltage system ground			
13	NÇ	+(Non connected				
14	MOD		Control mode signal input	200 kΩ pull-down R included			
15	STB	1 🗸	Stand-by signal input	200 K22 pull-down 1X included			
16	Vcc	_	Supply voltage	2.7 V to 5.5 V			

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Supply voltage	VM	50	V	
Supply voltage	Vcc	6	\ \ \	
Input voltage	VIN	-0.2 to 6	V	IN1, IN2, PWM, STB, MOD
Output voltage	Vout	-0.2 to 50	V	O1, O2 pin
Output current	lout	1.2	Α	
Output current	lout (peak)	2	_ A	tw = 20 ms pulse, Duty ≤ 20%
Davis dia dia dia dia	6	0.5	101	IC only
Power dissipation	P_{D}	0.78	W	mounted on PCB Cu ≥ 40%, 50 × 50 t = 1.6(mm)
Operation temperature	Topr	-20 to 85	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55 to 150	°C	

The Absolute Maximum Ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment.

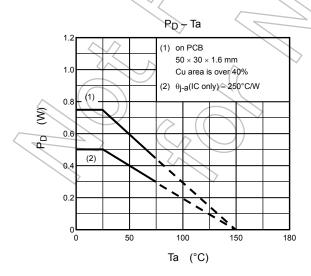
Do not exceed any of these ratings.

Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.

Operating Range (Ta=-20°C to 85°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	Vcc	2.7	3	5.5	//V
Supply voltage	VM	4.5	24	45	V
Output current	lout	-((1	A
Switching Frequency	f _{PWM}			350	kHz

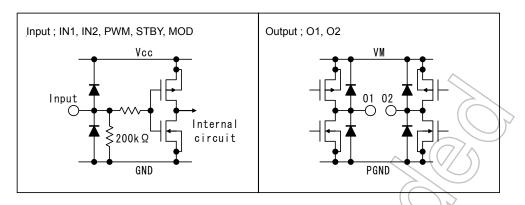
For reference ; PD-Ta characteristic



Electrical Characteristics (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, Vcc = 3 V, VM = 24 V)

Chai	racteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Supply current		lcc	STBY = Vcc	_	1.2	1.6	mA	
		Icc(STB)	OTDV OV	- /	-	1		
		IM(STB)	STBY = 0 V	-	//-	1	μA	
Control input voltage		VIH		2		Vcc+0.2	٧	
		VIL	_	-0.2		0.4	V	
Control input current		IIH	VIN = 3 V	10	15	20		
		IIL	VIN = 0 V	() }	1	μA		
Stand by in	nut voltage	VIH(STB)		2		Vcc+0.2	V	
Stand-by in	put voitage	VIL(STB)	_	(-0.2)	> -	0.4	V	
Stand-by in	nut ourront	IIH(STB)	VIN = 3 V	10	15	20		
Stariu-by iii	put current	IIL(STB)	VIN = 0 V	\ <u>\</u>	-		μA	
Output R-on		Ron(U+L)	Io = 1 A, Vcc = VM = 5 V	_	1.4	2	Ω	
Output leak current		IL(U)	VM = Vout = 50 V		-45	1	μA	
Output leak	Current	IL(L)	VM = 50 V, Vout = 0 V	-1 🔷	+0		μΛ	
Pegenerati	Regenerative diode VF		IF = 1A	_	(1.0	(1/1	V	
Regenerali			" - 14	- /	0.9	1		
Low voltage	e detect voltage	UVLD	Vcc detection	- ((2,0	_	V	
Recovering	voltage	UVLC	(Design target) 2.2		_	V		
Over	Detect current	ISDH		((-//<	3.3	_	Α	
current	Detect current	ISDL	Vcc = VM = 5 V		4.2	=		
detection	Response time	ISDM	(Design target)	//-	10	_	μs	
4010011011	Holding time	ISDH) +	10	_	ms	
Output start response time		tON(STB)	STBY = L→H (Design target)	$\sqrt{/-}$	20		μs	
Output dead time		tpLH	(Design target)	V -	100	_	ns	
		tpHL ((Besign talget)	_	75	_	110	
Thermal sh		TSD		_	170	_		
detect temp		-(0)	(Design target)				°C	
Thermal sh	utdown	ΔTSD	- 20		_			
hysteresis								

Input / Output Equivalent Circuit



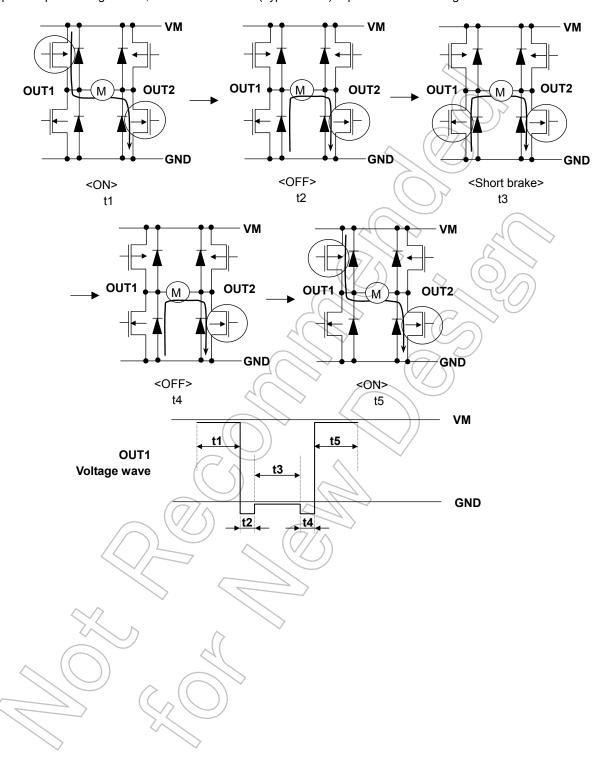
Truth Value Table (-: don't care)

Input					Output		MODE	
IN1	IN2	PWM	MOD	STB	01(//	O2	IMODE	
_	_	ı	ı	L	OFF	OFF	Standby	
L	L	Н	L	Н	OFF	OFF	Stop	
Н	L	Н	L	Н	Ä	L (C	CW/CCW	
L	Н	Н	L	Н		н	CCW/CW	
Н	Н	Н	L	H	\\		Short brake	
_	_	L	L) <u>‡</u>	L	(1//))	Short brake	
Н	_	Н	Н	7(H /	> н/		CW/CCW	
L	_	Н	Н) Æ	L	H	CCW/CW	

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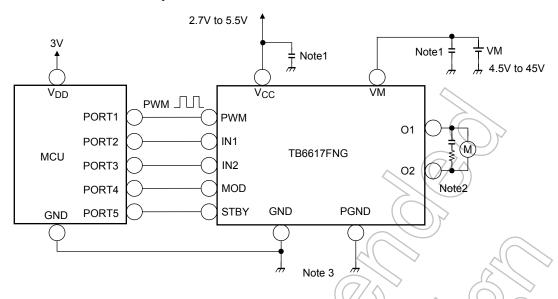
H-bridge Function

• To prevent penetrating current, dead time t2 and t4 (Typ.=100 ns) is provided in switching to each mode in the IC.



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Application Circuit Example

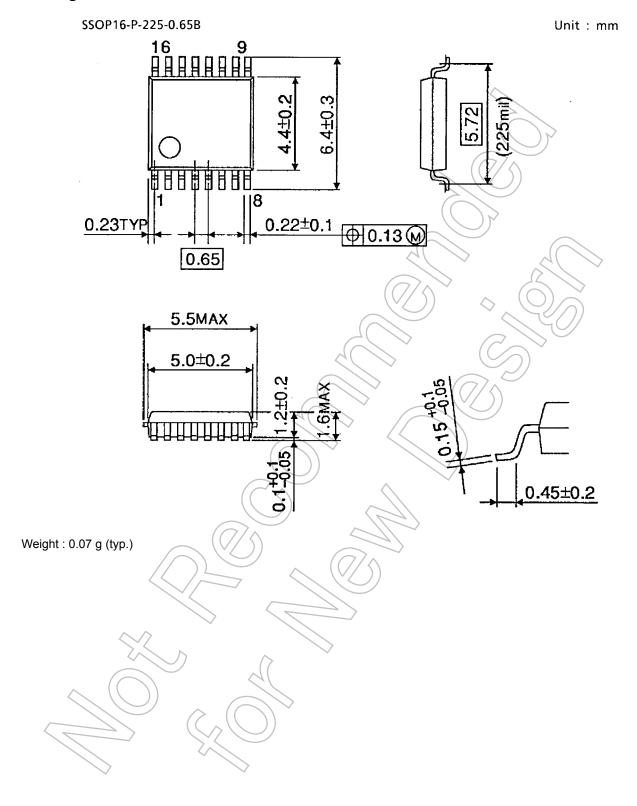


- Note1: Capacitors for noise absorption around Vcc or VM system should be connected as close as possible to the IC.
- Note 2: Add a resistor for charge current limitation, if use the capacitor between the motor terminals to avoid noise.
- Note 3: Avoid common impedance between GND and PGND as possible.
- Note 4: Design with extra care for Vcc, VM, GND, PGND lines as there is a possibility of IC destruction from short between output pins, power supply to output pin, ground to output pin, or adjacent pins.

Other: Use fuse or current confine device for the application safety, when current beyond Absolute Maximum Rating would generate through IC.



Package Dimensions



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Notes on Contents

1. Block Diagrams

Some of the functional blocks, circuits, or constants in the block diagram may be omitted or simplified for explanatory purposes.

2. Equivalent Circuits

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

3. Timing Charts

Timing charts may be simplified for explanatory purposes.

4. Application Circuits

The application circuits shown in this document are provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required, especially at the mass production design stage.

Toshiba does not grant any license to any industrial property rights by providing these examples of application circuits.

5. Test Circuits

Components in the test circuits are used only to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits are not guaranteed to prevent malfunction or failure from occurring in the application equipment.

IC Usage Considerations Notes on handling of ICs

- [1] The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of ratings that must not be exceeded, even for a moment. Do not exceed any of these ratings.
 - Exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.
- [2] Use an appropriate power supply fuse to ensure that a large current does not continuously flow in case of over current and/or IC failure. The IC will fully break down when used under conditions that exceed its absolute maximum ratings, when the wiring is routed improperly or when an abnormal pulse noise occurs from the wiring or load, causing a large current to continuously flow and the breakdown can lead smoke or ignition. To minimize the effects of the flow of a large current in case of breakdown, appropriate settings, such as fuse capacity, fusing time and insertion circuit location, are required.
- [3] If your design includes an inductive load such as a motor coil, incorporate a protection circuit into the design to prevent device malfunction or breakdown caused by the current resulting from the inrush current at power ON or the negative current resulting from the back electromotive force at power OFF. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
 - Use a stable power supply with ICs with built-in protection functions. If the power supply is unstable, the protection function may not operate, causing IC breakdown. IC breakdown may cause injury, smoke or ignition.
- [4] Do not insert devices in the wrong orientation or incorrectly.

Make sure that the positive and negative terminals of power supplies are connected properly.

Otherwise, the current or power consumption may exceed the absolute maximum rating, and exceeding the rating(s) may cause the device breakdown, damage or deterioration, and may result injury by explosion or combustion.

In addition, do not use any device that is applied the current with inserting in the wrong orientation or incorrectly even just one time.

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Points to remember on handling of ICs

(1) Over current Protection Circuit

Over current protection circuits (referred to as current limiter circuits) do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the Over current protection circuits operate against the over current, clear the over current status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the over current protection circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation. In addition, depending on the method of use and usage conditions, if over current continues to flow for a long time after operation, the IC may generate heat resulting in breakdown.

(2) Thermal Shutdown Circuit

Thermal shutdown circuits do not necessarily protect ICs under all circumstances. If the thermal shutdown circuits operate against the over temperature, clear the heat generation status immediately.

Depending on the method of use and usage conditions, such as exceeding absolute maximum ratings can cause the thermal shutdown circuit to not operate properly or IC breakdown before operation.

(3) Heat Radiation Design

In using an IC with large current flow such as power amp, regulator or driver, please design the device so that heat is appropriately radiated, not to exceed the specified junction temperature (T_J) at any time and condition. These ICs generate heat even during normal use. An inadequate IC heat radiation design can lead to decrease in IC life, deterioration of IC characteristics or IC breakdown. In addition, please design the device taking into considerate the effect of IC heat radiation with peripheral components.

(4) Back-EMF

When a motor rotates in the reverse direction, stops or slows down abruptly, a current flow back to the motor's power supply due to the effect of back-EMF. If the current sink capability of the power supply is small, the device's motor power supply and output pins might be exposed to conditions beyond maximum ratings. To avoid this problem, take the effect of back-EMF into consideration in system design.



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