

PC8171xNSZ Series

DIP 4pin High CMR, Low Input Current Photocoupler



■ Description

PC8171xNSZ Series contains an IRED optically coupled to a phototransistor.

It is packaged in a 4pin DIP, available in SMT gullwing lead-form option.

Input-output isolation voltage(rms) is 5.0kV.

Collector-emitter voltage is 80V(*), CTR is 100% to 600% at input current of 0.5mA and CMR is MIN. $10kV/\mu s$.

■ Features

- 1. 4pin DIP package
- 2. Double transfer mold package (Ideal for Flow Soldering)
- 3. Low input current type (I_F=0.5mA)
- 4. High collector-emitter voltage(V_{CEO}: 80V(*))
- 5. High noise immunity due to high common rejection voltage (CMR : MIN. $10kV/\mu s$)
- 6. High isolation voltage between input and output (V_{iso(rms)}: 5.0 kV)

(*)Up to Date code "P7" (July 2002) V_{CEO} : 70 V.

■ Agency approvals/Compliance

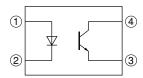
- Recognized by UL1577 (Double protection isolation), file No. E64380 (as model No. PC8171)
- 2. Package resin: UL flammability grade (94V-0)

■ Applications

- 1. Programmable controllers
- 2. Facsimiles
- 3. Telephones



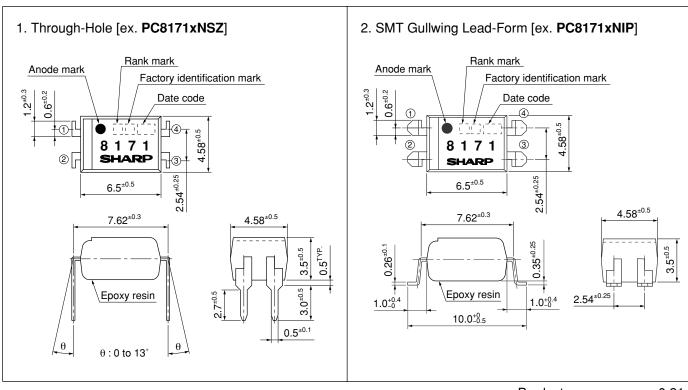
■ Internal Connection Diagram



- 1 Anode
- ② Cathode
- 3 Emitter
- 4 Collector

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit:mm)



Product mass: approx. 0.21g



Date code (2 digit)

	1st o	digit		2nd digit		
Year of production				Month of production		
A.D.	Mark	A.D	Mark	Month	Mark	
1990	A	2002	P	January	1	
1991	В	2003	R	February	2	
1992	С	2004	S	March	3	
1993	D	2005	T	April	4	
1994	Е	2006	U	May	5	
1995	F	2007	V	June	6	
1996	Н	2008	W	July	7	
1997	J	2009	X	August	8	
1998	K	2010	A	September	9	
1999	L	2011	В	October	0	
2000	M	2012	С	November	N	
2001	N	:	:	December	D	

repeats in a 20 year cycle

Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin	
no mark	- Japan	
	Indonesia	
$\overline{\hspace{1cm}}$	Philippines	
_	China	

^{*} This factory making is for identification purpose only.

Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actual status of the production.

Rank mark

Refer to the Model Line-up table



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

$lacksquare$ Absolute Maximum Ratings $_{(T_a=25^{\circ}C)}$					
	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
	Forward current	I_{F}	10	mA	
Input	*1 Peak forward current	I_{FM}	200	mA	
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V	
	Power dissipation	P	15	mW	
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	*4 80	V	
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V	
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	P_{C}	150	mW	
-	Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	170	mW	
*2 Isolation voltage		V _{iso (rms)}	5.0	kV	
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-30 to +100	°C	
Storage temperature		T _{stg}	-55 to +125	°C	
*3 (Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	260	°C	

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(T_a=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Input	Forward voltage		V_F	$I_F=10mA$	_	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse Current		I_R	$V_R=4V$	_	_	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		C_{t}	V=0, f=1kHz	_	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		I_{CEO}	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_{F} = 0$	-	-	100	nA
	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		$\mathrm{BV}_{\mathrm{CEO}}$	$I_{C}=0.1 \text{mA}, I_{F}=0$	*5 80	-	-	V
	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage		BV_{ECO}	$I_{E}=10\mu A, I_{F}=0$	6	-	-	V
	Collector current		I_{C}	$I_F=0.5$ mA, $V_{CE}=5$ V	0.5	_	3.0	mA
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		V _{CE (sat)}	$I_F=10mA$, $I_C=1mA$	_	_	0.2	V
	Isolation resistance		R_{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60%RH	5×10 ¹⁰	1×10 ¹¹	-	Ω
charac-	Floating capacitance		C_{f}	V=0, f=1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Response time	Rise time	t_r	V 2V I 2m A D 1000	_	4	18	μs
		Fall time	t_{f}	V_{CE} =2V, I_{C} =2mA, R_{L} =100 Ω	-	3	18	μs
	Common mode rejection voltage		CMR	$\begin{split} T_{a} = & 25^{\circ}C, R_{L} = & 470\Omega, V_{CM} = 1.5 kV (peak) \\ I_{F} = & 0, V_{CC} = & 9V, V_{np} = 100 mV \end{split}$	10	_	_	kV/μs

^{*5} Up to Data code"P7"(July 2002)BV_{CEO} \geq 70V.

^{*1} Pulse width≤100µs, Duty ratio : 0.001 *2 40 to 60%RH, AC for 1 minute, f=60Hz

^{*3} For 10s

^{*4} Up to Data code"P7"(July 2002)V_{CEO}: 70V.



■ Model Line-up

Lead Form	Through-Hole	SMT Gullwing		I [m A]		
Package	Sleeve	Taping	Rank mark	I_{C} [mA] (I_{F} =0.5mA, V_{CE} =5V, T_{a} =25°C)		
	100pcs/sleeve	2000pcs/reel		(IF=0.3IIIA, VCE=3 V, Ia=23 C)		
	PC81710NSZ	PC81710NIP	with or without	0.5 to 3.0		
	PC81711NSZ	PC81711NIP	A	0.6 to 1.5		
	PC81712NSZ	PC81712NIP	В	0.8 to 2.0		
Model No.	PC81713NSZ	PC81713NIP	С	1.0 to 2.5		
	PC81715NSZ	PC81715NIP	A or B	0.6 to 2.0		
	PC81716NSZ	PC81716NIP	B or C	0.8 to 2.5		
	PC81718NSZ	PC81718NIP	A, B or C	0.6 to 2.5		

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status and Lead-Free options.



Fig.1 Test Circuit for Common Mode Rejection Voltage

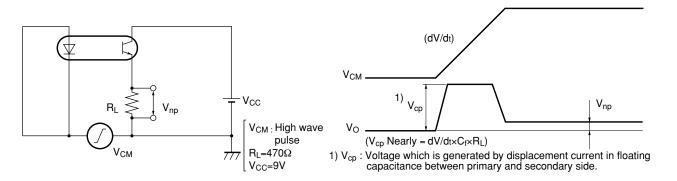


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

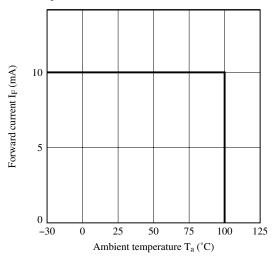


Fig.4 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

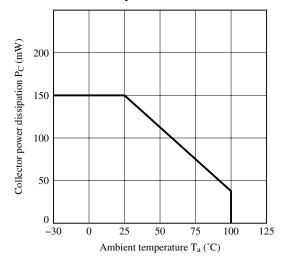


Fig.3 Diode Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

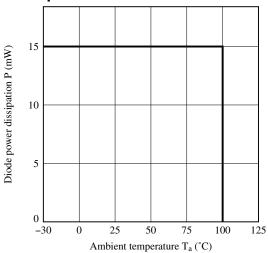
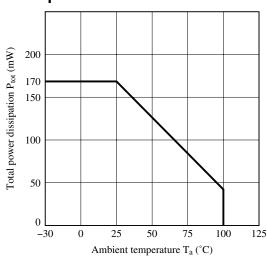


Fig.5 Total Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



Sheet No.: D2-A03301EN



Fig.6 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

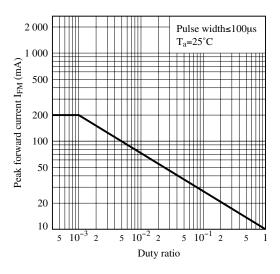


Fig.8 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current

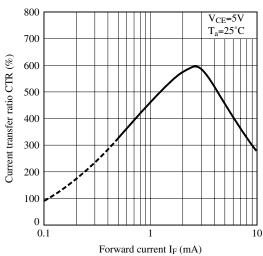


Fig.10 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

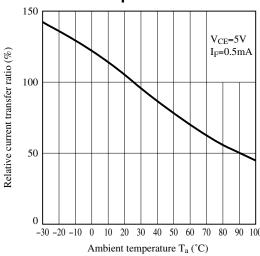


Fig.7 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

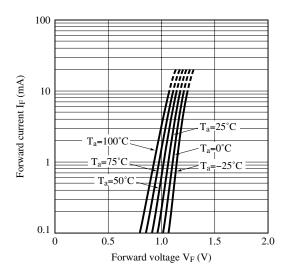


Fig.9 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

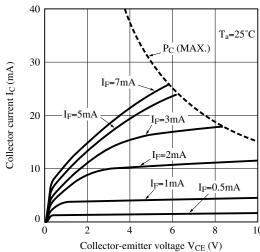
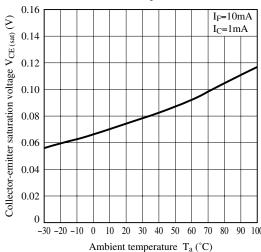


Fig.11 Collector - emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Sheet No.: D2-A03301EN



Fig.12 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

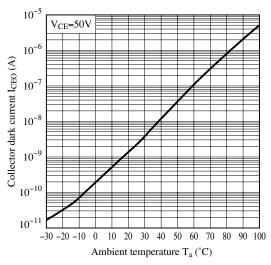


Fig.14 Response Time vs. Load Resistance (saturation region)

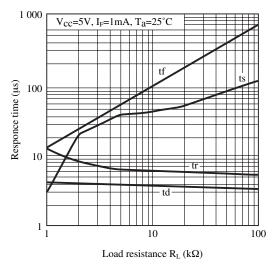


Fig.16 Frequency Response

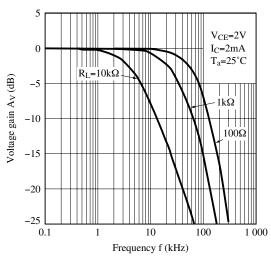


Fig.13 Response Time vs. Load Resistance (active region)

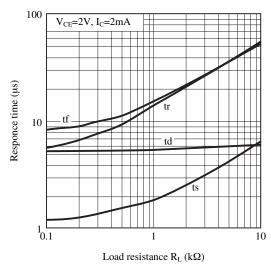
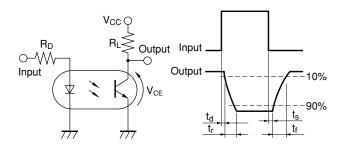
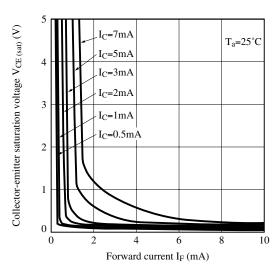


Fig.15 Test Circuit for Response Time



Please refer to the conditions in Fig.13 and Fig.14.

Fig.17 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current



Remarks: Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference and not for guarantee.



■ Design Considerations

Design guide

While operating at I_F<0.5mA, CTR variation may increase.

Please make design considering this fact.

In case that some sudden big noise caused by voltage variation is provided between primary and secondary terminals of photocoupler some current caused by it is floating capacitance may be generated and result in false operation since current may go through IRED or current may change.

If the photocoupler may be used under the circumstances where noise will be generated we recommend to use the bypass capacitors at the both ends of IRED.

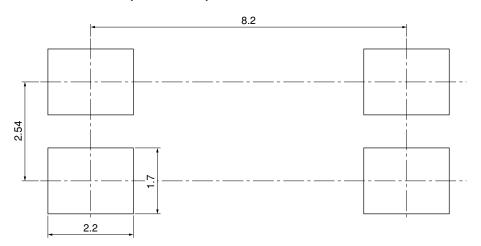
This product is not designed against irradiation and incorporates non-coherent IRED.

Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in photocouplers will degrade over time.

In the case of long term operation, please take the general IRED degradation (50% degradation over 5years) into the design consideration.

Recommended Foot Print (reference)



(Unit:mm)

[☆] For additional design assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.



■ Manufacturing Guidelines

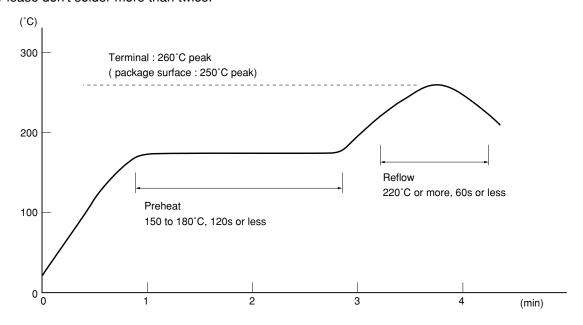
Soldering Method

Reflow Soldering:

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.

Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.

Please don't solder more than twice.



Flow Soldering:

Due to SHARP's double transfer mold construction submersion in flow solder bath is allowed under the below listed guidelines.

Flow soldering should be completed below 270°C and within 10s.

Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to 150°C and 30 to 80s.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is below 400°C.

Please don't solder more than twice.

Other notices

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works fine, since the impact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending on the tooling and soldering conditions.



Cleaning instructions

Solvent cleaning:

Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below Immersion time should be 3minutes or less

Ultrasonic cleaning:

The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.

Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

Recommended solvent materials:

Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol

In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

Presence of ODC

This product shall not contain the following materials.

And they are not used in the production process for this device.

Regulation substances:CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)

Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBBOs and PBBs are not used in this product at all.

Sheet No.: D2-A03301EN



■ Package specification

Sleeve package

Package materials

Sleeve: HIPS (with anti-static material)

Stopper: Styrene-Elastomer

Package method

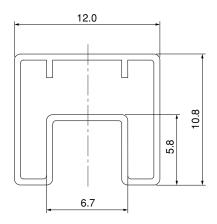
MAX. 100pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

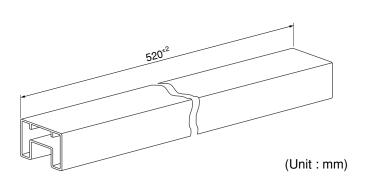
Both ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.

The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.

MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions







● Tape and Reel package

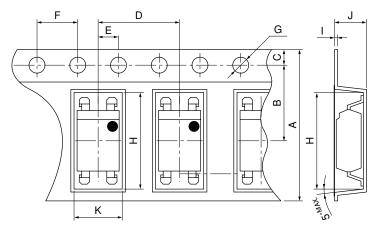
Package materials

Carrier tape: PS

Cover tape: PET (three layer system)

Reel: PS

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions

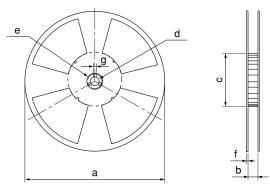


Dimensions List

(Unit: mm) В C D Е F G $7.5^{\pm0.1}$ 1.75^{±0.1} $2.0^{\pm0.1}$ $4.0^{\pm0.1}$ 16.0±0.3 8.0^{±0.1} $\phi 1.5^{+0.1}_{-0}$

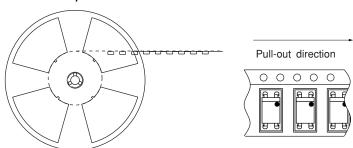
Н K $10.4^{\pm0.1}$ $0.4^{\pm0.05}$ $4.2^{\pm0.1}$ $5.1^{\pm0.1}$

Reel structure and Dimensions



Dimensio	ns List	(Unit: mm)		
a	b	с	d	
330	17.5 ^{±1.5}	100±1.0	13 ^{±0.5}	
e	f	g		
23±1.0	2.0±0.5	2.0±0.5		

Direction of product insertion



[Packing: 2 000pcs/reel]



■ Important Notices

- · The circuit application examples in this publication are provided to explain representative applications of SHARP devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or license any intellectual property rights. SHARP takes no responsibility for any problems related to any intellectual property right of a third party resulting from the use of SHARP's devices.
- · Contact SHARP in order to obtain the latest device specification sheets before using any SHARP device. SHARP reserves the right to make changes in the specifications, characteristics, data, materials, structure, and other contents described herein at any time without notice in order to improve design or reliability. Manufacturing locations are also subject to change without notice.
- · Observe the following points when using any devices in this publication. SHARP takes no responsibility for damage caused by improper use of the devices which does not meet the conditions and absolute maximum ratings to be used specified in the relevant specification sheet nor meet the following conditions:
- (i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
 - --- Personal computers
 - --- Office automation equipment
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
 - --- Test and measurement equipment
 - --- Industrial control
 - --- Audio visual equipment
 - --- Consumer electronics
- (ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:

- --- Transportation control and safety equipment (i.e., aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
- --- Traffic signals
- --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
- --- Alarm equipment
- --- Various safety devices, etc.
- (iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
 - --- Space applications
 - --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
 - --- Nuclear power control equipment
 - --- Medical and other life support equipment (e.g., scuba).
- · If the SHARP devices listed in this publication fall within the scope of strategic products described in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law of Japan, it is necessary to obtain approval to export such SHARP devices.
- This publication is the proprietary product of SHARP and is copyrighted, with all rights reserved. Under the copyright laws, no part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, for any purpose, in whole or in part, without the express written permission of SHARP. Express written permission is also required before any use of this publication may be made by a third party.
- · Contact and consult with a SHARP representative if there are any questions about the contents of this publication.